

TOPIC TEST – MARGINALISED GROUPS – ABORIGINES, MIGRANTS, WOMEN

PART ONE – Multiple Choice (10 marks)

Circle the letter for the correct answer

(1) What is meant by the term “integrate” in relation to post war migrants?

- (a) to combine a racial, religious or cultural minority with the majority group
- (b) to take on the attitudes, habits and beliefs of the majority of the population
- (c) to keep your attitudes, habits and beliefs as a member of a minority group
- (d) to express your attitudes, habits and beliefs as a member of a majority group

(2) Women’s liberation aimed to

- (a) create equality by changing the roles of men and women in society
- (b) free women from their traditional roles and restrictions
- (c) help men “unlearn” all that was sexist in their upbringing
- (d) all of the above

(3) What is meant by the term “displaced person”?

- (a) Europeans who wanted to migrate to Australia after World War Two
- (b) the name given to a migrant who came to Australia after World War Two
- (c) a person who does not know where they are
- (d) a refugee who had no home to return to after World War Two

(4) An alien is

- (a) someone from outer space
- (b) someone who is a citizen of the country in which they live
- (c) someone who lives in a country but is not a citizen of that country
- (d) someone who is permitted to work in the country in which they are living

(5) After the 1960s Australia took in migrants from

- (a) Britain only
- (b) All over the world
- (c) Asia only
- (d) All countries except Asia

(6) Arthur Calwell was

- (a) The Prime Minister immediately after World War Two
- (b) The Minister for War immediately after World War Two
- (c) The Immigration Minister immediately after World War Two
- (d) The Foreign Affairs Minister immediately after World War Two

(7) Australia signing the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination meant that

- (a) migrants were allowed into Australia on the basis of what they could offer Australia
- (b) aborigines and migrants received the same rights as all other Australians
- (c) migrants could now come to Australia from Europe instead of just from Britain
- (d) migrants could now come to Australia from Asia without restriction

(8) The legal concept of Australia being “Terra Nullius” in 1788 ended as a result of

- (a) The establishment of the Tent Embassy
- (b) The Freedom Rides around northern New South Wales
- (c) The Wik Case
- (d) The Mabo Case

(9) The 1967 Referendum allowed for

- (a) unrestricted immigration
- (b) full and equal opportunity for women in the work place
- (c) Federal Government control over aboriginal affairs in Australia
- (d) equal pay for equal work in all industries for all Australians

(10) “Reconciliation” in relation to Aboriginal affairs in Australia is

- (a) a process aimed at improving relationships between indigenous and non-indigenous people in Australia
- (b) the process of returning the Stolen Generations to their original families
- (c) the process of assimilating Aborigines into Australian society
- (d) the process of controlling the Aborigines on missions and stations

Cont.

PART TWO – 5 MARKS

QUESTION 11 - Briefly describe the experiences of Aborigines under the policy of “Assimilation” in Australia in the 1950s.

In your answer

- Define “assimilation”
 - Describe the effect the policy had on the Aborigines
 - Describe how the Aborigines reacted to the policy of “assimilation”
 - Describe the short and long term results of the policy of “assimilation”
 - Include aspects of civics and citizenship

Cont

PART THREE – 10 MARKS

QUESTION 12 – Using the source provided below, and your own knowledge, explain how attitudes towards women, and women's roles in society, changed in the two decades after 1945.

In your answer

- refer specifically to both parts of the question
- refer specifically to parts of the content of the source provided as stimulus material
- clearly show continuity and change
- include both positive and negative affects of both attitudes to and roles of women



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PART FOUR – 15 MARKS

QUESTION 13 – Explain what changed and what remained the same for migrants in the period 1945 (end of World War Two) to the 1980s.

In your answer

- clearly demonstrate change and continuity by referring to aspects of the whole period
 - include aspects of civics and citizenship

End of Paper